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U. S. Department of Agriculture

Reed's
SEEDS

• 1949 •

CORTLAND, N. Y.

Why you can depend on REED'S Specialized Seed

40th ANNIVERSARY CATALOG

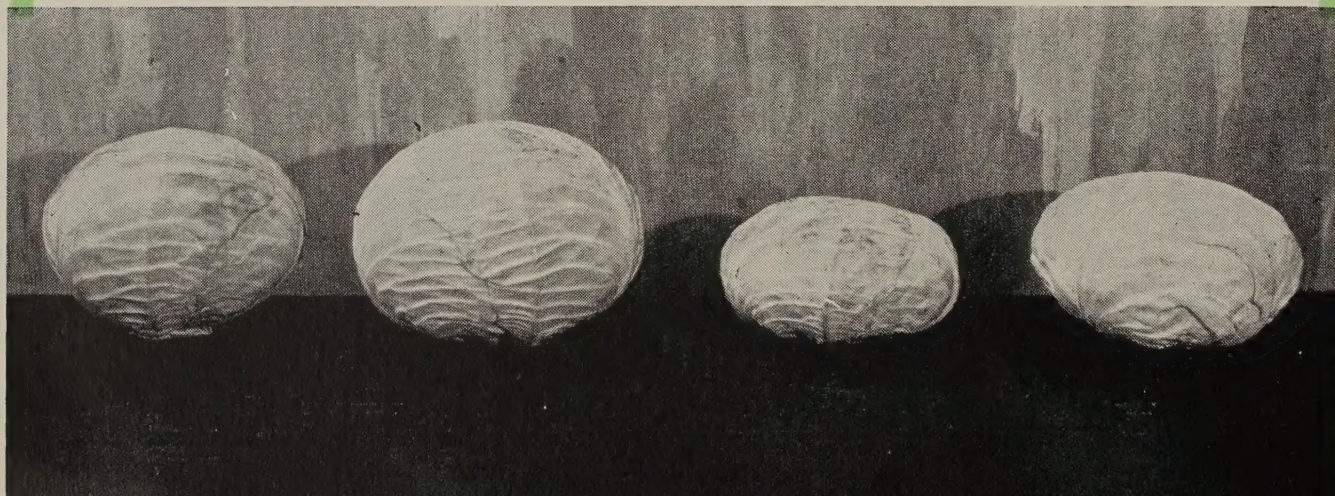
Through the years—40 to be exact—you, our customers, have put your faith in Reed Bros. to furnish you with the highest quality seed that can be grown. This faith and trust in us has encouraged us to always give you the best and to always be on the lookout for improvements.

One specific example of this is the Reed's Improved Glory cabbage strain. This, we like to call the "Queen of the Reed strains." Not one, but many of you have reported yields as high as 40 tons per acre. This was unheard of 10 to 20 years ago but now is a reality. You can buy Reed's Seed with the assurance that you are getting the best that money can buy.

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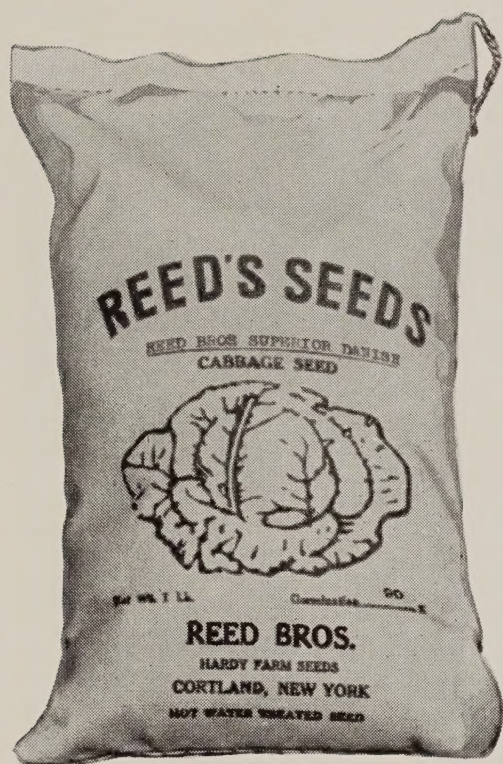
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Left two heads—Reed's Superior Danish. Right two heads—
Common Danish. It's easy to see which is the heavy yielder.



King of Reed Cabbage Strains

Superior Danish



Look for the distinctive white
bag printed in green.

growing strain like the Superior Danish, set the plants close enough in the row to govern the size and then watch it grow. This gives an enormous tonnage of marketable heads that the dealers and markets want. Year after year you will find that cabbage from Reed's seed will be easier to sell. The market wants a firm, high quality cabbage. Use Reed's Superior Danish and increase your profits.

Price—1 lb. \$8.00; ½ lb. \$4.00; ¼ lb. \$2.25; oz. 60¢. Postpaid.

This variety we like to call the "King of our cabbage strains." It is one of the best yielding strains on the market today.

HABIT OF GROWTH

Reed's Superior Danish is an exceptionally short stemmed variety. Many desire this feature because they feel they are growing a strain which produces heads and not a lot of long heavy stems. This fine strain is now out of the experimental station and has been bred long enough so that it is very good and uniform. The heads are deep and the wrapper leaves extend nearly across the head. This is an especially desirable feature when cabbage are to be stored or held for any length of time.

EVERY PLANT A HEAD

Every plant given a normal chance will produce a marketable head. This is why the Reed strains yield so much better than the average variety on the market today.

A FREE GROWER

The final pay-off in growing a crop of cabbage comes in the total tonnage of marketable cabbage. We like to use a vigorous

As alike as peas in
a pod. There is
hardly an ounce
difference in the
weight of these
heads.



Reed's

Red Danish

NEW SEED — HOT WATER TREATED
Grown in the North



Portion of a field of Reed's Red Danish

To many this high quality, heavy yielding red needs no introduction. We know of no other strain on the market which will yield as much as 20 tons per acre of good marketable cabbage. This past year several fields ran as high as this.

Color is a big item in a red strain. This one has a good even dark color all through the head. Someone remarked that even the roots were red. It is very popular with the pickle men as well as the fresh market.

Price—1 lb. \$8.00; ½ lb. \$4.00; ¼ lb. \$2.25; oz. 60¢.

NEW EARLY RED

During the past few years there has been a demand for a good type early red strain. To meet this demand we have selected an early type which not only yields well but also has very nice color. The leaves fit very tightly around the head. It is about 10 days ahead of our regular strain but heads are forming long before this.

Price—1 lb. \$8.00; ½ lb. \$4.00; ¼ lb. \$2.25; 1 oz. 60¢.

Reed's

Improved Glory

A RECORD YIELDING VARIETY

This high yielding strain of cabbage is often called Glory of Enkhuizen. We like to call it the "Queen of the Reed strains." It has all the desirable features which go to make up a real cabbage strain. It is a very free grower and will stand and repay for almost unlimited amounts of fertilizer. There is seldom a cracked head in an entire field of Reed's Glory.

A SAUERKRAUT SPECIAL

This strain has long been popular with the kraut factories. The heads are very large, firm and compact as a rock. When it is made into kraut it gives a long, finely textured shred; just what the public wants.

A REAL MONEY MAKER

So many people have told us that they have made money with this strain even when cabbage are cheap. They get such an enormous yield that it shows a profit even in an off year.

Price—1 lb. \$6.50; ½ lb. \$3.25; ¼ lb. \$1.75; 1 oz. 50¢.



It doesn't take many 25 to 30 pounders to make a ton.

Reed's New Early Cortland

HOT WATER TREATED — NORTHERN GROWN

This strain was developed to meet the growing demand for a cabbage for kraut and early shipping. It has a very deep round head, and is nearly as free from bursting as our Glory. The season is just after Copenhagen or at a time when the kraut men want cabbage to use for early kraut.

Price—lb. \$6.00; ½ lb. \$3.00; ¼ lb. \$1.75; 1 oz. 50¢; pkt. 10¢. Postpaid.

Early Jersey Wakefield

NORTH AMERICAN GROWN — TREATED SEED

The Standard of Excellence. This is one of the earliest, satisfactory strains of Cabbage.

Our crop of American grown seed is the very best obtainable.

Price—Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; ½ lb. \$2.00; 1 lb. \$4.00. Postpaid.

3 EXCELLENT STRAINS Perfected to Resist the YELLOWS

Marion Market This is the very popular Yellows Resistant variety. It matures in about 2½ months, and is especially adapted for early fall shipments. It is used successfully for kraut.

Price—lb. \$6.00; ½ lb. \$3.00; ¼ lb. \$1.75; 1 oz. 50c; pkt. 10c. Postpaid.

Wisconsin All Seasons This is one of the most suitable varieties to grow for Kraut. It is very uniform, highly resistant and stands heavy fertilization—An all around good cabbage.

Price—lb. \$5.90; ½ lb. \$2.95; ¼ lb. \$1.75; oz. 50c; pkt. 10c.

Wisconsin Hollander No. 8 This strain is a good Danish type, highly resistant and a good yielder. It can be held for storage if so desired.

Price—\$6.00 per lb.; \$3.00 per ½ lb.; \$1.75 per ¼ lb.; 50¢ per oz.; 10c per pkt.

Reed's

Danish No. 22

HOT WATER TREATED — NORTHERN GROWN

A HEAVY YIELDING VARIETY

This popular variety is a very free grower and will stand liberal amounts of fertilizer. It should be spaced closer than common strains of Danish to insure medium sized heads. This gives added tonnage per acre. When a slow growing strain of Danish is used, more field space is required. Hence the return from your cabbage is more when you use the above Danish.

EXCELLENT LEAF LAP

To insure freedom from bursting, we select those heads which have an excellent leaf lap. This greatly strengthens the top of the head and allows the heads to gain their full weight. This greatly increases the return per acre.

Price—Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$3.50; 1 lb. \$7.00. Postpaid.

PENN STATE BALLHEAD

The true stock for this strain was secured direct from the Pennsylvania State College and therefore is second generation seed. The type of head is flatter than our own special strains and consequently the yields would not be quite as great. However it is a good strain.

Price—Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$3.00; 1 lb. \$6.00.

Copenhagen Market

HOT WATER TREATED — NORTHERN GROWN

An old standard variety. This very popular fall Cabbage is used extensively for early fall shipping and kraut. It is also well adapted for the market gardener and roadside stands.

Price—1 lb. \$5.00; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$2.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50; oz. 40c; pkt. 10c. Postpaid. See terms on order sheet.

Early Golden Acre

This valuable variety is gaining in popularity. It is a very early maturing cabbage selection and was developed to meet a demand for a cabbage coming between Copenhagen Market and Early Jersey Wakefield.

The first heads should be ready in 70-75 days or about 10 days before Copenhagen Market. Shape of head and habit of growth are similar to it. Thick setting will give a heavy tonnage per acre.

Price—Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$2.50; 1 lb. \$5.00. Postpaid. See terms on order sheet.

Tips on Cabbage Culture

that will help you harvest a record crop

We are so frequently asked about our methods of cabbage culture we have decided to print the following general suggestions:

Seed Per Acre From one year to another about $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of seed for each acre to be set is recommended. In some years you may have a few extra plants. If so put up a sign "Cabbage plants from Reed's Seed for sale," and we wager you will sell more than enough plants to pay for your seed.

Kind of Soil Cabbage thrives upon almost any soil that is reasonably dry. Those of the gravel nature are apt to lack moisture in a dry season. Low lands which flood are pretty sure to contain the slim mold disease, "club root", and should not be used for cabbage or cabbage plants. A great many growers prefer sod ground, but the crop may be grown upon land which was used for other crops than cabbage or one belonging to that family the year previous. Usually such land will need a little more liberal supply of fertilizer.

Allowing stock to roam over the farm is a poor policy if cabbage growing is expected to be followed. Animals easily scatter diseased manure and track diseased dirt to new fields. No soil should be used for plant growing, or the crop, oftener than once in 5 or 6 years, without testing.

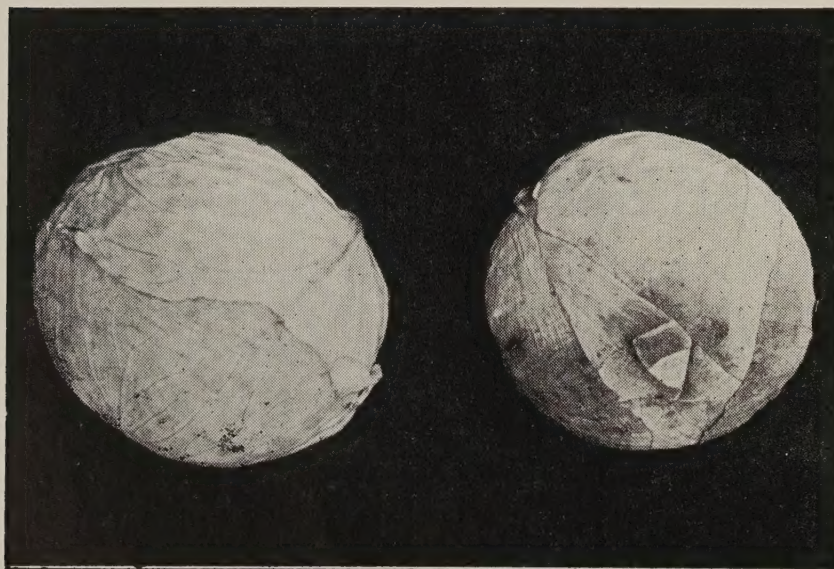
Seed Bed The greatest tonnage is secured by sowing the seed and setting the plants EARLY. For Central New York this would make the seed sowing the fore part of May and setting about the middle of June. Cabbage for storage can be set June 20th to July 1st in New York State.

Locating the seed bed where it is exposed to the WEST or NORTH wind is advised in controlling the cabbage maggot and flea beetle, as early insects hover in warm spots and shun cold locations. Avoid ground containing mustard, old gardens or rich spots around buildings.

Many DO NOT put the crop or seed bed upon the same ground oftener

than once in six years, as club root is liable to develop. Club root isn't carried on the seed. Do not use manure from stock eating cabbage or cabbage leaves. Plowing or dragging a seed bed with tools which have just been used on an old cabbage field is apt to spread disease.

The head on the left shows how Reed's excellent leaf lap protects heads from spoilage. The head on the right is poorly protected.



For a seed bed sown broadcast, use 3,000 sq. ft. of ground per lb. of seed. Apply to this spot 100 lbs. of some complete fertilizer, such as 5-10-5. Broadcast the fertilizer and drag it in. Avoid the excessive use of fertilizer, especially nitrogen. Sow

the seed shallow, doing the work only when the ground is dry. Seed sown in rows can be treated for the cabbage maggots. 25 to 30 seeds per foot, is about right.

Plants growing too slow about June 1st, may be hastened by scattering on a little nitrate of soda. Five lbs. for every 3,000 sq. ft. is about right. Apply just as it starts to rain if possible.

Cabbage Maggot This pest is quite successfully kept in check by sowing Calomel with the seed or treating the young plants very early in their growth with several applications of corrosive sublimate solution. For detailed instructions ask for the bulletin from the N. Y. State College of Agriculture, Department of Entomology, Ithaca, N. Y., "Control of the Cabbage Maggot."

Cabbage Worms D. D. T., Rotenone Dust (or a 25%-75% mixture of lead arsenate and lime) will give good control. Use a hand duster, or a power outfit for large acreages.

Fertilization For average land use 12 to 15 tons manure per acre, and 500-700 lbs. of fertilizer. If no manure is at hand, or land is low in fertility, use liberal amount of complete fertilizer. Fertilizer may be sowed broadcast or in bands each side of the row.

Fertilization is one of the important things in cabbage culture, as the **texture, shape and size of heads** in a strain can be greatly changed by the lack or over-supply of fertilizer. Usually the hill lands or knolls in a field will need more fertilizer and one higher in nitrogen than the flat or valley lands. We doubt the advisability of using much nitrogen on the richer lowlands or where clover or alfalfa sod is used for cabbage. For farms where potash has not been used generally, a little should be added to the cabbage fertilizer to round out the crop and help prevent tip burn (leaf blight).

Field Preparation Fall or early spring plowing is always desirable, then **AS SOON AS THE GROUND IS FIT IN THE SPRING, DRAG IT OVER.** Keep dragging once a week until setting time and you will conserve all the early spring moisture, also germinate and kill most of the weeds in your soil. **DON'T** plow, drag, or set cabbage when the ground is too wet.

Late setting, late fitting and improper fertilization always spell poor crops.

Growing 20 to 30 tons of cabbage per acre means a plant growth of 30 to 40 tons. Remember no plant can take from the soil for its growth what is not there to take.

Size of Heads. This is becoming **VERY IMPORTANT.** In many sections dealers are paying \$2.00 per ton more for heads of proper size. The grower can govern the size of heads almost entirely by **TIME OF SETTING, PROPER SPACING, PROPER FERTILIZATION AND MOISTURE CONTROL.**

Our strains of Danish are free growers and will stand a little thicker setting. This gives **ENORMOUS YIELDS.** We prefer setting in rows both ways. If our ground is well fertilized and the plants are ready early, we space the rows 30 inches apart one way by 20 inches the other. This uses about 10,600 plants per acre. One setting early on rich, well fertilized bottom land might space 30 inches by 18, using about 11,500 plants per acre. For conditions not as favorable, rows may be 3 ft. by 20 inches, using about 8,700 plants per acre or 3 ft. by 24 inches, using about 7,200. Gravel soil requires wider spacing of plants, more fertilizer and better moisture control.

Our setting dates in Central New York are from June 10th to 20th. July set Danish seldom makes very heavy yields. However, if one has taken pains to fit his ground and weather conditions furnish sufficient moisture, good crops may result. Early setting brings a crop to its fullest maturity, but where cabbage is intended for storage those not too ripe are just as desirable. Unusually thick setting retards maturity somewhat.

The market demands a medium sized head, 3 to 6 pounds. Please the trade and it will patronize you.

Cultivation Shallow cultivation is most desirable. When the leaves are large, choose the heat of the day to prevent breaking them. Use a walking cultivator with hoe steels for rear teeth, which extends horizontally under the leaves. Continue cultivation until weeds are controlled. Do not cultivate deep as it will injure the roots and dry out the soil.

Reed's

Hardy Red Clover

GENUINE OLD FASHIONED TWO-CUTTING MEDIUM RED

Medium Red Clover was a very short crop and supplies of good adapted seed are very limited. It will be well to order your seed early and not take a chance of having to sow poorly adapted Seed.

Price—\$41.00 per 60 lb. bu.; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$21.45; 1 pk. \$10.50. Freight prepaid.

BUY ONLY ADAPTED SEED

HARDY SEED—NORTHERN GROWN

Grimm Alfalfa

Alfalfa seed continues to be scarce. We are fortunate in having a supply of fine quality seed. Order early and be sure of your adapted seed.

Price—\$46.00 per bu. 60 lbs.; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$23.50; 1 Pk. \$12.00. Freight prepaid.

GENUINE CANADIAN GROWN SEED—FINE QUALITY

Ontario Variegated Alfalfa

This is a natural cross between Grimm and hardy acclimated strains in Canada. It is a very thrifty grower and is fully adapted to our Northeast conditions. It will stay longer than most strains of alfalfa.

Price—\$46.00 per bu.; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$23.50; 1 Pk. \$12.00. Freight prepaid.

Alsike Clover

REED BROS.' ALSIKE CLOVER comes from the same source as our Red Clover and Hardy Alfalfa. Therefore it is acclimated to your conditions. Purity 99% or better. This is excellent seed. Why buy weeds in your grass seed? Most of us have enough without planting them.

Price—\$29.95 per bu.; \$15.25 per $\frac{1}{2}$ bu.; \$8.00 per pk. Freight prepaid.

Ladino Clover

A wonderful new perennial white clover. Sow as little as one lb. per acre in your seeding mixture. It makes fine hay and after feed. Excellent for pastures.

Price—\$2.95 per lb.—Postpaid.

Timothy

Fancy—99.80% Purity. THE BEST OBTAINABLE.

Price—\$10.50 per bu. 45 lbs.; 1 pk. \$2.80. Freight prepaid.

Birdsfoot Trefoil

Hardy, broadleaf type. A new pasture plant. Sow five pounds per acre with six pounds of Timothy. Seed must be inoculated.

Price—\$2.50 per lb., postpaid, including inoculation.

New—

M O H A W K

Oats

The Kind that

Stands Up

This fine new oat variety was developed by the New York State College of Agriculture at Ithaca, N. Y., to meet the need for a variety of oats which would resist rust and blight. It is one of the highest yielding oats yet developed. The straw is medium in height, very stiff and stocky.

EXCELLENT FOR COMBINES

The combine is becoming more and more popular, and up until now thousands of bushels of grain have been lost, because the oats went down before they could be harvested. With these new Mohawks you can let the grain get dead ripe without worrying about their lodging. They are an excellent companion crop for establishing new seedings.

HEAVY TEST WEIGHT—CERTIFIED SEED

A bushel of these new oats will weigh like lead. They are very plump and meaty. There are no light oats. Our seed this year is Certified, weighs well over 40 lbs. per measured bushel and is very bright and nice. There is no mustard on our seed farms. You will be very pleased with the quality of this seed.

Price—\$2.25 per bu., F.O.B., Cortland, N. Y. Bags free.

Clinton Oats

Much that has been said about the Mohawk oat applies to the Clinton oat. They are bred along the same line. The Mohawks will yield a little better under normal conditions.

Price—\$2.60 per bu. F.O.B., Cortland, N. Y. Certified Seed.



LEFT—New Mohawk.

RIGHT—Old Type.

Cornell Hybrid 29-3 Corn

will put extra grain in your silo

CERTIFIED SEED



Still a hard one to beat.

Cornell Hybrid 29-3 is still one of the best known of the hybrid corns. For a medium season with altitudes of 500 to 1500 ft. this is one of the best corns for silage. You will have lots of grain in your silo. If you have a long growing season you can safely use this fine corn for grain. Many use this corn for silage and then leave part of the piece for grain.

Price—Extra Large Flats—\$9.75 per bu.. Large Flats—\$9.50 per bu.

Kingscrot KR Silo Corn

This is a splendid Hybrid corn for silage in localities that have a medium to long growing season. It comes about a week later than 29-3. Some like to sow some 29-3 to start with and finish off with this variety. For large acreages this spreads the maturity out a little.

Price—\$12.50 per bu. F.O.B., Cortland, N. Y.

West Branch Sweepstakes

This is one of the popular open pollinated varieties. It matures a little later than 29-3 and grows much taller. Excellent for silage.

Price—\$5.75 per bu. F.O.B., Cortland, N. Y.

Cornell Hybrid 35-5

A POPULAR HYBRID HUSKING CORN

This fine corn matures about the same as the old fashioned Cornell No. 11. It is an early husking corn which has large yellow ears and a very stiff stalk. You can depend on a fine yield with early maturing corn.

Price—\$9.75 per bu. Extra Large Flat grade. \$9.50 per bu. Large Flat grade.

Soybeans

New Lincoln Type—This variety is excellent for use as hay or together with your corn as silage. Many prefer beans with their corn. It cuts down the weeds and increases the protein content of your silage.

Price—\$5.95 per bu. F.O.B., Cortland, N. Y.

(PLEASE WRITE OR PRINT PLAINLY)

13

From Coast to Coast

HERE IS WHAT THEY ARE SAYING ABOUT REED'S SEEDS

Selah, Wn.

Gentlemen:

This is the 34th year I have grown cabbage. I find your seed produces the best yields and the best quality.

Respectfully yours,
R. M. R.

AN EXCELLENT KEEPER

April 20th,
Millville, Pa.

Dear Sirs:

Your Superior Danish proved to be an excellent yielder and extra quality. We still have some lovely heads.

Very truly yours,
G. B. P.

RECORD YIELDS

Feb. 18
Lyons, N. Y.

Gentlemen:

We had the best crop of cabbage we have ever had. Some of your improved Glory went 38 tons per acre and the Marion Market 30 tons. We believe your seed is the best. Some of the Glory heads weighed over 24 lbs. each.

Yours truly,
L. B.

GOOD SEED PAYS

May 14th,
Lima, N. Y.

Gentlemen:

. . . would say that I have 8 acres of the finest alfalfa from the seed I bought of you that I ever had. Good seed sure pays.

Sincerely,
R. N.

Alpha Barley

This is one of the very best grains to use as a nurse crop for either clover or alfalfa as it does not require so much moisture for heavy straw development. It has a good stiff straw, and will not smother out young seeding. A better catch of seeding usually results on land cropped heavily, as is the case with cabbage ground, if barley is used as a nurse crop.

YIELD RECORDS

Alpha Barley averaged 42.9 bushels per acre for seven years grown in several different New York counties. It outyielded all the other improved strains. Beardless and barbless varieties did not yield within 3 to 11 bushels as much.

In New Jersey tests at New Brunswick, Alpha averaged 45 bushels per acre, outyielding all others.

Price—\$2.90 per bu. of 48 lbs., f.o.b., Cortland, N. Y. Jute bags free. Double sacking 10c per bu. extra. Our seed was grown from certified stock and is unusually nice. (no mustard on our Farm.)

Reed's

Tested Mixture for Good Home Grown Feed **MOHAWK OATS & ALPHA BARLEY-MIXED**

For years we have been looking for the right combination of grain for an ideal mixture. We now have two varieties which mature at the same time. One of the best ways to cut down on expenses and increase your profits is to grow some of this mixture. It runs about 30% barley, and grain from this seed can be ground and used for 50% or more of your feeding mixture. You can thus cut your feed bills in half.

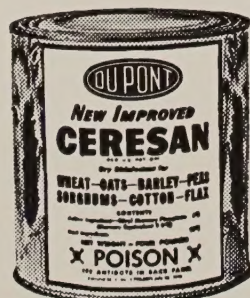
Price—\$6.95 per cwt., f.o.b., Cortland, N. Y. Bags free.

Correct Seed Treatment

**IS GOOD CROP
INSURANCE**

CERESAN — For oats, wheat and barley—controls smut—use only $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. per bu. of seed.

Price: 4 oz. 35c; 1 lb. 90c.



INOCULATION — It pays to inoculate your clover, alfalfa and soybeans. Inoculating a crop helps the plants put nitrogen into your soil. This not only increases your hay or cover crop but also helps the crops the next year.

Price: Clover or alfalfa (specify) bu. size 50c. Soybeans: 2 bu. size, 30c.

Like Having **TWO EXTRA MEN** with the **MASTER'S RAPID PLANT SETTER**

The most practical tool for transplanting CABBAGE, TOMATOES, CAULIFLOWER, TOBACCO, SWEET POTATOES, PEPPERS, and all similar plants.

Each plant is set, watered and covered at one operation. There is no stooping or bending over. All the tedious, hard labor of hand setting is done away with. One man can set and water more plants than three can by hand, and **EVERY PLANT LIVES.**

Time saved with one of these setters more than pays for original cost. The crop is checkrowed, allowing cultivation both ways, giving better market quality without laborious hand weeding. **THIS IS THE ONLY CORRECT WAY TO SET PLANTS.** Every nurseryman and gardener will tell you to use exactly this principle. **SEAL THE ROOTS TO THE UNDER SOIL BY THE USE OF WATER. THEN MULCH THE SURFACE TO PREVENT EVAPORATION.**

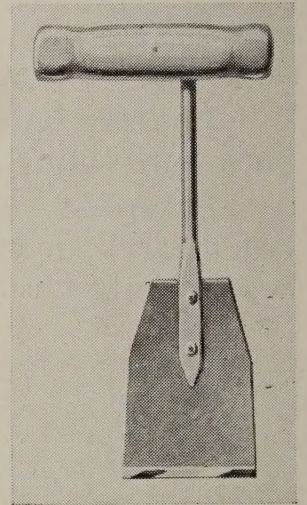
WE have set over 20 acres of cabbage a year for many years, using these hand setters entirely.

Plants may be carried in a basket attached to your belt or a strap over your shoulder. This leaves one hand free to drop plants and the other to work the setter. One man can easily average 1,000 plants an hour.

Price—\$9.00 each Postpaid.

Cut Your Cutting Time with One of Reed's **STEEL CABBAGE KNIVES**

Once again we are able to make these fine steel cutting knives. One stroke of the knife and the cabbage is ready to go. No cut or bruised knuckles.

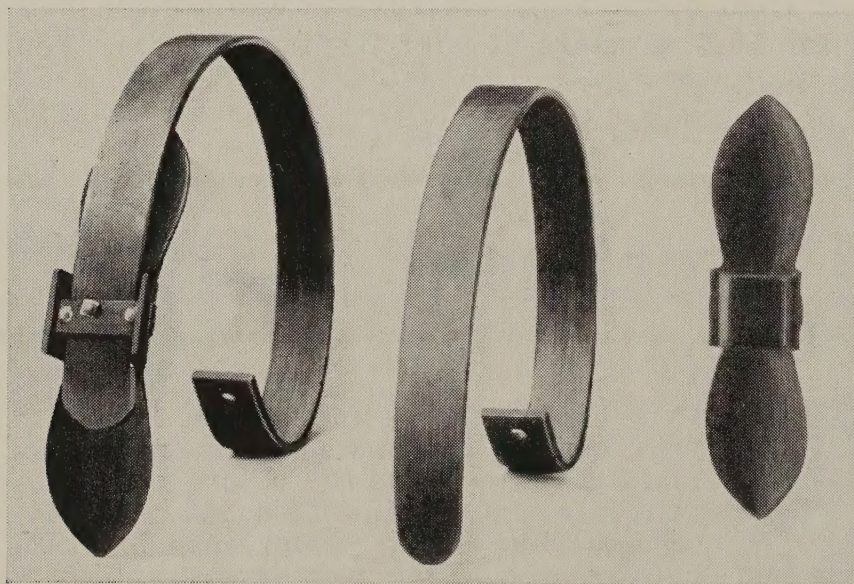


Price \$1.95 each.
Postpaid.

STEEL HARROW POINTS

Put on a set of our IMPROVED STEEL POINTS and make your harrow as good as new. **LATELY MADE HEAVIER FOR TRACTOR USE.** Will wear much longer than old style.

Absolutely guaranteed not to break or come off. Can be put on in 10 minutes. Simply tighten the set screw until it is snug; then hit a light blow with a hammer to embed set screw into metal. Fit any harrow tooth. Horse drawn or tractor. We have used them for years on both team and tractor harrows. Take our word "They are no toy." One new reversible point will wear as long as two new teeth.



Price only 55¢ each, transportation paid. Points are mailable; Points weigh 1 lb. each. (Supply limited.)

REED BROS. — Cabbage Seed Specialists

Headquarters Farm, Warehouse, Office: CORTLAND, N. Y.